

INTERNET APPENDIX

Corporate Bond Portfolios and Macroeconomic Conditions

Maximilian Bredendiek, Giorgio Ottonello, and Rossen Valkanov*

In this internet appendix we include additional specifications of our corporate bond parametric portfolios (CBPP) that are not included in the paper. In Table 1 we present specifications where we allow transaction costs to vary over time and cross-sectionally, depending either on bond issue amount or on bond-specific illiquidity. Specifically, we sort the bonds by offering amount (illiquidity) each month and divide the sorted sample in terciles. Bonds with the smallest issue amount (highest illiquidity) are assigned the highest level of transaction costs, according to the values shown in Appendix A in the paper. In Table 2 we show parametric portfolios that are based on subsets of bond-specific characteristics. In Table 3 we show parametric portfolios for different levels of risk aversion coefficient γ during recessionary periods. In Table 4 we show parametric portfolios after independently excluding each of the top three issuers in our sample (General Motors, General Electric, and Bank of America).

*Maximilian Bredendiek and Giorgio Ottonello are with Vienna Graduate School of Finance (VGSF), Welthandelsplatz 1, Building D4, 4th floor, 1020 Vienna, Austria; email: maximilian.bredendiek@vgsf.ac.at and giorgio.ottonello@vgsf.ac.at. Rossen Valkanov is Zable Endowed Chair and Professor of Finance, Rady School of Management, University of California San Diego, 9500 Gilman Drive, MC0553, La Jolla, CA 92093; email: rvalkanov@ucsd.edu.

Table 1: Optimal Corporate Bonds Portfolios - Cross-Sectionally Varying T-Costs

This table displays estimates of the optimal portfolio policy for the following bond-specific characteristics: time to maturity (TTM), credit rating (RAT), coupon (COUP), illiquidity (ILLIQ), momentum (MOM), and size (SIZE). The parameters are estimated for a power utility with $\gamma = 7$. Our dataset includes 116,932 bond-month observations between September 2005 and September 2015. All columns refer to portfolios with transaction costs that vary both over time and cross-sectionally (see Appendix A in the paper). In the first (last) two columns, transaction costs vary cross-sectionally depending on the bond issue amount (illiquidity). The columns *VW* refer to the respective value-weighted bond portfolio benchmarks. The first set of rows presents the marginal impact of the characteristics and bootstrapped p-values. The second set of rows shows the average absolute portfolio weight, average minimum and maximum weights, average sum of negative weights, and average annual turnover of the portfolio. The last set of rows reports (annualized) performance measures, displaying certainty equivalent and bootstrapped p-value, certainty equivalent delta with respect to the corresponding benchmark in percent, mean, standard deviation, and skewness of portfolio returns, and the Sharpe ratio.

	Sort by SIZE		Sort by ILLIQ	
	VW	CS-TS	VW	CS-TS
TTM	-	-10.234	-	-10.763
	-	(0.001)	-	(0.001)
RAT	-	3.707	-	3.143
	-	(0.001)	-	(0.001)
COUP	-	11.148	-	11.921
	-	(0.001)	-	(0.001)
ILLIQ	-	-0.024	-	-0.042
	-	(0.930)	-	(0.885)
MOM	-	11.150	-	10.800
	-	(0.001)	-	(0.001)
SIZE	-	-5.490	-	-5.804
	-	(0.001)	-	(0.001)
$ w_i \times 100$	0.106	0.174	0.106	0.175
$\max w_i \times 100$	1.090	1.316	1.090	1.301
$\min w_i \times 100$	0.002	-0.628	0.002	-0.638
$\sum w_i I(w_i < 0)$	(0.001)	-0.326	(0.001)	-0.330
$\sum (w_{i,t} - w_{i,t-1}) $	0.551	5.875	0.551	5.728
CE	0.032	0.046	0.031	0.046
	-	(0.001)	-	(0.001)
% Δ CE	-	0.438	-	0.484
\bar{r}	0.058	0.071	0.058	0.070
$\sigma(r)$	0.082	0.088	0.082	0.088
Skew	-0.081	3.163	-0.085	3.271
SR	0.559	0.659	0.554	0.654

Table 2: Optimal Corporate Bonds Portfolios - Variables Selection

This table displays estimates of the optimal portfolio policy for the following bond-specific characteristics: time to maturity (TTM), credit rating (RAT), coupon (COUP), illiquidity (ILLIQ), momentum (MOM), and size (SIZE). The parameters are estimated for a power utility with $\gamma = 7$ and taking into account fixed transaction cost of 75bp. Our dataset includes 116,932 bond-month observations between September 2005 and September 2015. For each of the specifications, we present results with and without smoothing parameter α , which is estimated following the procedure described in Section 2.3 of the paper. The column VW refers to the value-weighted benchmark without characteristics. The first set of rows presents the marginal impact of the characteristics and bootstrapped p-values. The second set of rows shows the optimal α and bootstrapped p-values, whenever applicable. The third set of rows shows the average absolute portfolio weight, average minimum and maximum weights, average sum of negative weights, and average annual turnover of the portfolio. The last set of rows reports (annualized) performance measures, displaying certainty equivalent and bootstrapped p-value, certainty equivalent delta with respect to the corresponding benchmark in percent, mean, standard deviation, and skewness of portfolio returns, and the Sharpe ratio.

	VW	CBPP (75bp)					
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
TTM	-	-3.423		-7.512		-10.074	
	-	(0.001)		(0.001)		(0.001)	
RAT	-	-		-2.019		2.953	
	-	-		(0.001)		(0.001)	
COUP	-	-		10.059		10.988	
	-	-		(0.001)		(0.001)	
ILLIQ	-	-		-		-0.115	
	-	-		-		(0.675)	
MOM	-	-		-		9.983	
	-	-		-		(0.001)	
SIZE	-	-		-		-5.461	
	-	-		-		(0.001)	
α	-	-	0.023	-	0.028	-	0.557
	-	-	(0.232)	-	(0.293)	-	(0.001)
$ w_i \times 100$	0.106	0.116	0.116	0.137	0.137	0.166	0.158
$\max w_i \times 100$	1.090	1.086	1.086	1.177	1.177	1.261	1.175
$\min w_i \times 100$	0.002	-0.051	-0.051	-0.374	-0.374	-0.586	-0.511
$\sum w_i I(w_i < 0)$	0.000	-0.047	-0.047	-0.151	-0.150	-0.291	-0.251
$\sum (w_{i,t} - w_{i,t-1}) $	0.551	0.644	0.635	0.942	0.926	5.400	2.633
CE	0.031	0.032	0.032	0.034	0.034	0.044	0.057
	-	(0.393)	(0.391)	(0.179)	(0.177)	(0.001)	(0.001)
% Δ CE	-	0.032	0.032	0.097	0.097	0.419	0.839
\bar{r}	0.058	0.054	0.054	0.057	0.057	0.068	0.079
$\sigma(r)$	0.082	0.075	0.075	0.080	0.080	0.086	0.076
Skew	-0.068	0.044	0.027	1.800	1.752	3.304	2.003
SR	0.551	0.556	0.556	0.553	0.554	0.640	0.859

Table 3: Optimal Corporate Bonds Portfolios - Time-Varying Risk Aversion

This table displays estimates of the optimal portfolio policy with time varying risk aversion. The optimal portfolio policy is a function of macroeconomic regimes interacted with bond-specific characteristics (TTM, RAT, COUP, ILLIQ, MOM, SIZE). Regimes are defined based on the NBER recession period, see Section 3.3 in the paper for details. The regime-specific parameters are estimated for a power utility with $\gamma = 7$ ($\gamma = 7, 10, 20, 50$) in expansion (recessions) periods and fixed transaction costs of $75bp$. Our dataset includes 116,932 bond-month observations between September 2005 and September 2015. The column VW refers to the value-weighted portfolio benchmark. The header of the remaining columns display the level of risk aversion applied in the no crisis and crisis period, respectively. The first two sets of rows present the marginal impact of the characteristics in both regimes and bootstrapped p-values. The third set of rows shows the average sum of negative weights and average annual turnover of the portfolio. The last set of rows reports (annualized) performance measures, displaying certainty equivalent and bootstrapped p-value in both regimes, certainty equivalent delta with respect to the corresponding benchmark in percent, mean, standard deviation, and skewness of portfolio returns, and the Sharpe ratio.

	$\gamma=(7/7)$	$\gamma=(7/10)$	$\gamma=(7/20)$	$\gamma=(7/50)$
TTM _{no crisis}	4.761 (0.001)	4.875 (0.001)	4.981 (0.001)	3.245 (0.001)
RAT _{no crisis}	21.104 (0.001)	21.051 (0.001)	20.826 (0.001)	21.076 (0.001)
COUP _{no crisis}	2.058 (0.001)	1.918 (0.001)	1.787 (0.001)	2.403 (0.001)
ILLIQ _{no crisis}	0.108 (0.221)	0.107 (0.195)	0.107 (0.226)	0.123 (0.229)
MOM _{no crisis}	3.352 (0.001)	3.289 (0.001)	3.261 (0.001)	3.226 (0.001)
SIZE _{no crisis}	-11.523 (0.001)	-11.266 (0.001)	-11.202 (0.001)	-10.640 (0.001)
TTM _{crisis}	-49.988 (0.001)	-43.938 (0.001)	-36.542 (0.001)	-32.365 (0.001)
RAT _{crisis}	-11.227 (0.001)	-11.401 (0.001)	-11.600 (0.001)	-11.853 (0.001)
COUP _{crisis}	43.446 (0.001)	38.602 (0.001)	33.156 (0.001)	33.726 (0.001)
ILLIQ _{crisis}	-1.658 (0.646)	-1.240 (0.757)	-0.767 (0.825)	-0.724 (0.847)
MOM _{crisis}	10.223 (0.001)	8.724 (0.001)	7.115 (0.002)	5.686 (0.024)
SIZE _{crisis}	-11.571 (0.001)	-9.066 (0.002)	-6.360 (0.020)	-2.406 (0.467)
$\sum w_i I(w_i < 0)$	-0.632	-0.600	-0.562	-0.545
$\sum (w_{i,t} - w_{i,t-1}) $	4.160	3.946	3.719	3.577
CE _{no crisis}	0.079 (0.001)	0.079 (0.001)	0.079 (0.001)	0.079 (0.001)
% Δ CE _{no crisis}	0.612	0.612	0.612	0.612
CE _{crisis}	0.111 (0.001)	0.093 (0.001)	0.063 (0.001)	0.019 (0.001)
% Δ CE _{crisis}	2.820	1.744	1.165	1.019
\bar{r}	0.135	0.130	0.125	0.121
$\sigma(r)$	0.114	0.109	0.104	0.101
Skew	0.640	0.532	0.464	0.472
SR	1.062	1.072	1.067	1.057

Table 4: Optimal Corporate Bonds Portfolios - Exclusion of Most Frequent Issuers

This table displays estimates of the optimal portfolio policy conditioning on two macroeconomic regimes (no crisis and crisis) and bond-specific characteristics (TTM, RAT, COUP, ILLIQ, MOM, SIZE). The macroeconomic regimes are defined based on the NBER recession period, see Section 3.3 in the paper for details. They are introduced through an interaction of bond-specific characteristics, with a dummy variable that equals one in economic downturns. The regime-specific parameters are estimated for a power utility with risk aversion $\gamma = 7$. Our general dataset includes 116,932 bond-month observations between September 2005 and September 2015. In each of the specifications we exclude one of the top three issuers in our sample: General Motors (NO GM), General Electric (NO GE), and Bank of America (NO BoA). The columns display optimal parametric portfolio policies with fixed transaction costs of 50bp and 75bp. The first two sets of rows present the marginal impact of the characteristics in both regimes and bootstrapped p-values. The third set of rows shows the average sum of negative weights and average annual turnover of the portfolio. The last set of rows reports (annualized) performance measures, displaying certainty equivalent and bootstrapped p-value, certainty equivalent delta with respect to the corresponding benchmark in percent, mean, standard deviation, and skewness of portfolio returns, and the Sharpe ratio.

	NO GM		NO GE		NO BoA	
	50bp	75bp	50bp	75bp	50bp	75bp
TTM _{no crisis}	21.062 (0.001)	17.626 (0.001)	6.500 (0.001)	3.931 (0.001)	9.392 (0.001)	5.642 (0.001)
RAT _{no crisis}	51.469 (0.001)	46.494 (0.001)	35.919 (0.001)	29.649 (0.001)	24.290 (0.001)	21.781 (0.001)
COUP _{no crisis}	9.819 (0.001)	4.664 (0.001)	-4.599 (0.001)	-2.729 (0.001)	2.497 (0.001)	2.262 (0.001)
ILLIQ _{no crisis}	0.303 (0.040)	0.217 (0.012)	0.256 (0.190)	0.089 (0.365)	0.611 (0.001)	0.142 (0.137)
MOM _{no crisis}	2.385 (0.001)	1.039 (0.001)	18.830 (0.001)	4.614 (0.001)	19.005 (0.001)	4.061 (0.001)
SIZE _{no crisis}	-43.743 (0.001)	-32.057 (0.001)	-12.036 (0.001)	-8.260 (0.001)	-19.872 (0.001)	-12.947 (0.001)
TTM _{crisis}	-63.632 (0.001)	-49.185 (0.001)	-62.697 (0.001)	-56.598 (0.001)	-60.317 (0.001)	-54.908 (0.001)
RAT _{crisis}	-42.441 (0.001)	-26.466 (0.001)	-13.866 (0.008)	-12.657 (0.001)	-9.289 (0.080)	-9.302 (0.002)
COUP _{crisis}	123.881 (0.001)	87.745 (0.001)	53.851 (0.001)	46.947 (0.001)	45.304 (0.001)	40.333 (0.001)
ILLIQ _{crisis}	-0.717 (0.917)	-1.029 (0.736)	-1.580 (0.850)	-1.866 (0.685)	-2.052 (0.812)	-2.157 (0.642)
MOM _{crisis}	-11.269 (0.019)	-2.809 (0.241)	14.403 (0.007)	11.670 (0.001)	16.834 (0.004)	13.344 (0.001)
SIZE _{crisis}	28.285 (0.001)	14.980 (0.001)	-17.025 (0.007)	-14.564 (0.001)	-15.394 (0.008)	-13.320 (0.001)
$\sum w_i I(w_i < 0)$	-2.083	-1.517	-1.125	-0.695	-1.104	-0.636
$\sum (w_{i,t} - w_{i,t-1}) $	7.877	5.773	10.016	4.602	10.459	4.427
CE	0.099 (0.001)	0.082 (0.001)	0.105 (0.001)	0.088 (0.001)	0.105 (0.001)	0.089 (0.001)
% Δ CE	1.829	1.485	2.500	2.034	2.281	1.871
\bar{r}	0.173	0.135	0.185	0.146	0.184	0.144
$\sigma(r)$	0.138	0.117	0.145	0.122	0.141	0.118
Skew	0.732	0.719	0.857	0.805	0.620	0.549
SR	1.151	1.034	1.184	1.079	1.203	1.100